| Name: | Class: |
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1) Find the gradient of the line
a) $y=-2 x-1$
b) $y=\frac{7}{2}+5 x$
c) $-6 x-y-9=0$
2) Find the $y$ intercept of the line

$$
y=\frac{7}{4}-9 x
$$

3) Write the line into the general form $a x+b y+c=0$

$$
y=-10 x+7
$$

4) The line $y=-4 x-20$ meets the $x$-axis at the point $P$. Work out the coordinates of $P$.
5) A line is parallel to the line $y=8 x+9$ and its intercept on the $y$ axis is $(0,-3)$. Work out the equation of the line leaving you answer in the form $a x+b y+c=0$.
6) Find the gradient given the following two points
$(6,30)$ and $(5,40)$
7) The line joining $(-4,-6)$ and $(e,-1)$ has a gradient $\frac{5}{6}$. Work out the value of e .
8) The line $P$ has gradient -2 and passes through the point ( $-3,4$ ). The line $Q$ has gradient $\frac{1}{2}$ and passes through the point $(2,-3)$. The line $P$ meets the $x$-axis at $A$ and the line $Q$ meets the $y$-axis at $B$. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $A$ and $B$.
9) Find the equation of the line given the following two points

$$
(7,-4) \text { and }(-12,15)
$$

10) Which of the following lines is perpendicular to $y=\frac{1}{2} x+3$.
A. $y=-2 x+8$
B. $y=-\frac{1}{2} x+3$
C. $y=\frac{1}{2} x+8$
D. $y=2 x+3$
11) Find an equation of the line that is perpendicular to $y=\frac{6}{7} x+1$ and passes through the point $(-6,2)$.
12) The line $d$ passes through the points $(-5,4)$ and $(-7,8)$ and the line $e$ passes through the points $(-2,-5)$ and $(1,13)$. Are the lines $d$ and $e$ parallel?

Solutions for the assessment Straight Lines

1) a) Gradient $=-2$
b) Gradient $=5$
c) Gradient $=-6$
2) $y$ intercept $=\frac{7}{4}$
3) $10 x+y-7=0$
4) $P=(-5,0)$
5) $8 x-y-3=0$
6) -10
7) 2
8) $y=-4 x-4$
9) $y=-x+3$
10) $A$
11) $y=-\frac{7}{6} x-5$
12) No
